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Zsuzsa Kakuk *Türk*

Macaristan

13 Ağustos 1925'te Nagytálya'da doğdu. Debrecen Üniversitesi'nin Macar dili ve edebiyatı ile Latince bölümlerinden 1949'da mezun olup Macar Bilimler Akademisi'nin Dil Bilimleri Enstitüsü'nde çalışmaya başladı. 1951'de Elte Üniversitesi'nde, Gyula Németh'in yönetiminde Macarcaya Osmanlıcadan gelen alıntı kelimelere yöneldi; maddi kültür çevresinde kullanılan alıntıları 1955'te verdiği adaylık tezinde gözden geçirdi. Bu konuları geniş bir biçimde, *Recherches sur l'histoire de la langue osmanlie des XVIe et XVIIe siecles. Les éléments osmanlis de la langue hongroise* (1973) adlı eserinde, daha sonra da Macarca olarak kaleme aldığı *A török kor emléke* (1996)'de ele aldı. 1958'de Elte Üniversitesi Türkoloji Bölümü'nde yardımcı doçent, 1965'te doçent, 1971'de bölüm başkanı, 1977'den 1995'e kadar profesör olarak çalıştı. Macar Bilimler Akademisi doktoru unvanını 1969'da aldı. Zsuzsa Kakuk, 1970'te Türk Dil Kurumu şeref üyeliğine seçilmiştir.

Zsuzsa Kakuk, Türkoloji ile ilgili birçok çalışma yaptı. Lajos Kossuth'un Türk diliyle ilgili not ve yazılarını yayımladı: *Kossuth kéziratai a török nyelvről* (1967), *Les manuscrits inédits de Kossuth sur la langue turque* (1969); Kelemen Mikes'in kullandığı Türk kelimelerini inceledi: *Mikes Kelemen török szókincstára* (2012).

Diyalektoloji alanında özellikle Bulgaristan ve Makedonya Türk ağızları üzerinde durdu. 1960'da Çin'de bir araştırma gezisi yapıp Salar ve Uygur ağızları üzerinde çalıştı. Macarçanın büyük etimoloji sözlüğünün Türkçe alıntılarla ilgili maddelerini yazdı. Ignác Kúnos'un Türk



Развитие казахского советского языкознания (1980), *Проблемы этимологии тюркских языков* (1990), and he was a joint author of *Назирқи заман уйғур тили* (1963). *Kazakhskaiia*, vol. 3, p. 251; Miliband; Miliband²

Kail, Owen Cooke, born 28 April 1922 at Bombay, he was a business executive. A member of several learned societies, his writings include *Buddhist cave temples of India* (1975), *The Dutch in India* (1981), *Elephanta, the island of mystery* (1984), as well as contributions to journals in the field. *IntAu&W*, 1976, 1977, 1982; *Who's who of Indian writers*, 1983 (not sighted)

Kaim, Julius Rolf, Dr., born 19th cent., he visited Constantinople in 1927. His writings include *Der Sinn der Literaturwissenschaft* (1921), *Geist des Morgenlandes* (1927), *Der Balkan und seine Probleme* (1928), *Westöstliche Welt; unter Slawen, Griechen, Türken* (1930), *1001 Nacht heute; Menschen und Mächte im Orient* (1937), *Damals in Schanghai; Kaiser, Kaufleute und Kommunisten* (1963), and *Pariserinnen* (1965). Note; ZKO

Kaiser, Alfred, born about 1862, he studied natural sciences at Zürich and München and became a lifelong student of the Sinai, where he travelled extensively. His writings include *Die Sinaiwüste* (1922), and *Der heutigen Stand der Mannafrage* (1924). He died in Arbon, Switzerland, in April 1930. Note

Kaiser, Ernst, born 23 December 1885 at Hildburghausen, Saxe-Meiningen, Germany, he received a Dr.phil.nat. and became a *Akademie-Professor* at Erfurt. He died on 7 July 1961, where he had been born. Kürschner, 1950-1961

Kaiser, Henry John, born 9 May 1882 at Sprout Brook, N.Y., he was a contractor and industrial executive. The recipient of medals, honours, and honorary university degrees, his writings include *Management looks at the post-war world* (1948), and *Imagine your future* (1948). He died on 24 August 1967. *Master* (25); *WhAm*, 4, Addendum; *Who was who*, 6

Kaiser, Karl, born 8 December 1934 at Siegen, Germany, he received a Dr.rer.pol., a Dr.habil. (1968/69) and a French diploma. He was since 1971 a director of the research centre of the German association for foreign policy (Deutsche Gesellschaft für Auswärtige Politik,) Köln, concurrently serving as a professor at the Universität Köln. A visiting professor in Germany and abroad, his writings include *EWG und Freihandelszone* (1963), *Die neue Weltpolitik* (1995), and *Weltpolitik im neuen Jahrhundert* (2000). *IntWW*, 1993/93-2006; Kürschner, 1980-2005

Kajmaković, Zdravko, fl. 20th cent., his writings include *Šta je spomenik kulture* (Sarajevo, 1961), and *Зидно сликарство у Босни Херцеговини* (Sarajevo, 1971). osk

Kakharova, Naima Abdulakhadovna, born 2 January 1942 at Pendzhikent, Tajikistan, she graduated in 1963 from the Arabic Section of the Tajikistan State University, and received her first degree in 1968 for *Рифа'а Рафи ат-Тахтави и его произведение "Извлечение чист. золота из посещения Парижа"*. She was associated with the Oriental Institute of the Tajikistan Academy of Sciences since 1963. Miliband²

Kakharova, Nazira Abdulakhadovna, born 24 November 1939 at Pendzhikent, Tajikistan, she graduated in 1962 from the Institute of History and Philology, Tajikistan State University, and received her first degree in 1970 for *Саади и его роль в развитии газели*. From 1962 to her death on 14 February 1984 she taught at her alma mater, in 1976 she was appointed a lecturer. Miliband²

Kakhiani (Кахиани), TSisia Prokofefna, born 8 May 1925 at Tiflis, she graduated in 1947 from Tiflis State University, and received her first degree in 1966 for her monograph, *Арабские надписи из Дманиси*. She became associated first with the Institute of Linguistics, and since 1960 with Oriental Institute of the Georgian Academy of Sciences. Miliband; Miliband²

Kaklamanos (Caclamanos), Demetrios, born in 1872 at Nauplia, Greece, he studied at Athens University, where he also received a doctorate. He had a brief career as a publisher and editor before he started his foreign service career as chief of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs at Athens in 1907. He was posted to Paris in 1910 as first secretary of the legation, and to Roma as chargé d'affairs from 1912 to 1914. He represented Greece at the League of Nations on several occasions as well as at the Lausanne Peace Conference, 1922-1923. From 1918 until his retirement in 1935 he was Honorary Greek Minister in London. His writings include *Greece in peace and war* (1942), and *Greece, a panorama* (1943). He died in London on 7 June 1949. *NYT*, 8 June 1949, p. 30, col. 4; *Who was who*, 4

Kakuk, Zsuzsa (Suzanne), born 13 August 1925 at Nagytálya, Hungary, she was educated at a Catholic nun's school, and afterwards studied Hungarian and Latin linguistics at the University of Debrecen, where she also received her doctorate. Since 1951 she pursued Turkological studies at the Loránd Eötvös University, Budapest, where she received a doctorate in Turkology for her thesis.

WOLFGANG BEHN, CONCISE BIOGRAPHICAL COMPANION TO INDEX ISLAMICUS: AN INTERNATIONAL WHO'S WHO IN ISLAMIC STUDIES FROM ITS BEGINNINGS DOWN TO THE TWENTIETH CENTURY: BIO-BIBLIOGRAPHICAL SUPPLEMENT TO INDEX ISLAMICUS, 1665-1980, VOL. II(H-M), LEIDEN 2006.